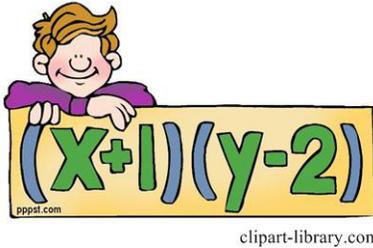


Root of the Problem

1 March 2026

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This is a problem¹ from Presh Talwalkar.



Given that x satisfies the equation:

$$x^4 + x^3 + x^2 + x + 1 = 0$$

What is the value of

$$(x^{33} + 2/x^{22})(x^{22} + 3/x^{33})$$

My Solution

The necessary idea, though somewhat esoteric, has come up before, most recently in the post “Two Algebra Problems”.² When we see an expression like $x^4 + x^3 + x^2 + x + 1$, we should think of

$$x^5 - 1 = (x - 1)(x^4 + x^3 + x^2 + x + 1),$$

which give us the 5 roots of unity.³ Therefore, $x^4 + x^3 + x^2 + x + 1 = 0$ means $x^5 = 1$. So $x^{33} = x^3 (x^5)^6 = x^3$ and $x^{22} = x^2 (x^5)^4 = x^2$ implies

$$(x^{33} + 2/x^{22})(x^{22} + 3/x^{33}) = (x^3 + 2/x^2)(x^2 + 3/x^3) = x^5 + 3 + 2 + 6/x^5 = 1 + 3 + 2 + 6 = 12$$

Talwalkar Solution

This is basically the same solution, only Talwalkar essentially derives the factorization for the 5 roots of unity.

$$x^4 + x^3 + x^2 + x + 1 = 0$$

Let us first ignore this equation and simplify the next expression:

$$(x^{33} + 2/x^{22})(x^{22} + 3/x^{33}) = x^{55} + 2 + 3 + 6/x^{55} = x^{55} + 5 + 6/x^{55}$$

If we can solve for x^{55} then we are done. But we also know $55 = 5 \times 11$, so we have:

$$x^{55} = (x^5)^{11}$$

Now all we need to do is solve for x^5 , and we can evaluate the expression:

$$(x^5)^{11} + 5 + 6/(x^5)^{11}$$

Let’s return to the given equation.

$$x^4 + x^3 + x^2 + x + 1 = 0$$

If we multiply both sides of the equation by x , the right hand side is 0, but the left hand side will have each exponent bumped up by 1.

$$x^5 + x^4 + x^3 + x^2 + x = 0$$

¹ February 26, 2026 (<https://mindyourdecisions.com/blog/2026/02/26/only-smart-minds-see-it-solve-for-the-value/>)

² November 1, 2025 (<https://josmfs.net/wordpress/2025/11/01/two-algebra-puzzles/>)

³ Or think of the derivation of the partial sums of the geometric series $1 + x + x^2 + \dots$

Subtract the original equation from this to get:

$$x^5 - 1 = 0$$

$$x^5 = 1$$

Now we just substitute to get:

$$(x^5)^{11} + 5 + 6/(x^5)^{11} = 1^{11} + 5 + 6/1^{11} = 1 + 5 + 6 = 12$$

And the answer is 12. What an incredible puzzle!

References

1. <https://www.facebook.com/photo.php?fbid=1204338798533743&set=pb.100068729014041.-2207520000&type=3>
2. https://www.reddit.com/r/askmath/comments/1r8zkhz/does_anyone_know_how_to_solve_this_polynomial/

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