# Mysterious Doppelgänger Problem 

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## Solution

I verified that the solution I found was the same as given in the next issue of Pi in the Sky ([2]). My technique for solving geometric problems is to plot them using Visio in Microsoft's Office. The application allows for very precise positioning of lines, circles, ellipses, and angles, along with proportional shrinking and the rigid motions of rotation, reflection, and translation. I used Visio to produce the figure above. Watching the perpendiculars all intersect at a common point as I constructed the figure fed my astonishment. So how in the world to proceed?

To unclutter the figure somewhat, I eliminated the blue lines from A and B (Figure 1). Since Visio works on a grid, I was able to find the center of the square and draw lines from the center to the original point P and intersection point Q . I noticed that the lines were the same length and at right angles to each other. That looked promising. Then I noticed that the lengths of each pair of solid lines of the same color from the corners of the square to P and Q were the same length. That seemed even more promising.

And then the solution hit me-the "aha!" moment. The perpendicular lines to the point Q were the $90^{\circ}$ rotated image of the original four lines to the point $P$ (Figure 2)! So of course they would intersect at a common point, since they had originally.

Rarely does one find such an elegant, one-step


Figure 1 Exploration and Observation solution to a seemingly complicated and impenetrable problem. I had never seen this problem before, but I think it should take its place among the best.

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Figure 2 Solution

## References

[1] "Math Challenges," Pi in the Sky, Issue 5, September 2002
[2] "Math Challenges," Pi in the Sky, Issue 6, March 2003
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[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Revision: I had plotted the original figure incorrectly. Fortunately, the original solution idea still worked, only now the figure was rotated $90^{\circ}$ counterclockwise instead of $90^{\circ}$ clockwise.

